## Sclerosing Mesenteritis: A Case Report in a Young Female

Kyle Marrache, DO<sup>1</sup>; Stephanie Tzarnas, MD<sup>1</sup>
<sup>1</sup>Abington – Jefferson Hospital, Abington PA

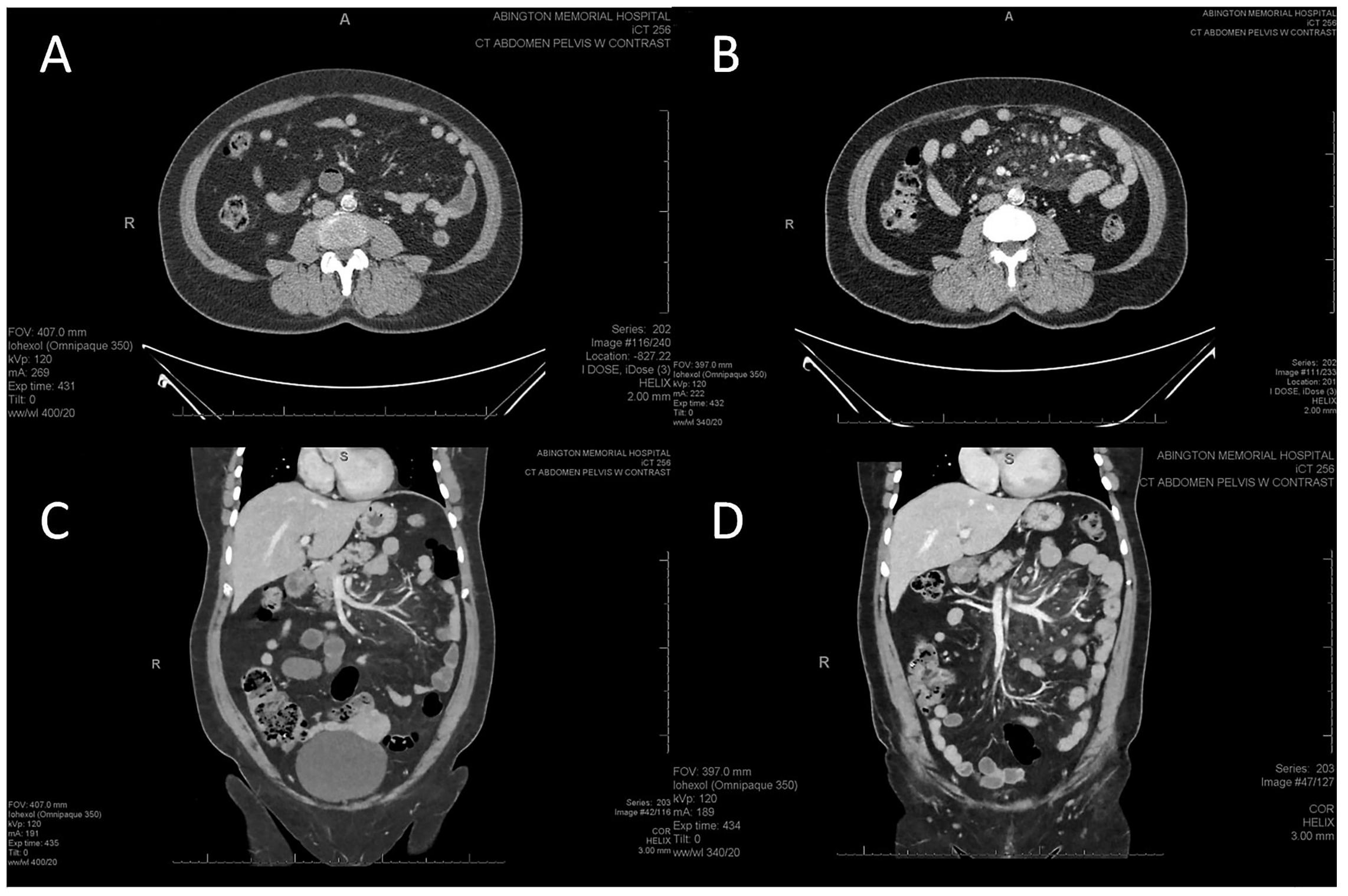
## Introduction

- Sclerosing Mesenteritis (SM) is a rare fibrotic inflammatory condition of the mesenteric adipose tissue.
- Generally identified on CT scan with various signs such as "Fat Ring Sign" or "Misty Mesentery"
- Potentially carries 5x risk of cancer

## Case Overview

• 58-year-old female from Brazil with no medical history presented to the resident clinic to establish care. Her main complaint was abdominal pain.

 Afterwards she presented to the ED twice with abdominal pain. Both times got a CT scan. Haziness seen in Fig. B and D led to diagnosis of SM. Oncology workup showed transient lymphadenopathy but no definitive cancer. Mesenteric biopsy was deferred given a clear diagnosis. She was started on colchicine and dicyclomine with improvement in her symptoms.



A: Axial cut from Aug. B: Axial cut from Sep.

C: Coronal cut from Aug. D: Coronal cut from Sep.

## Discussion

- Cause of SM is unclear but has been speculated to be either autoimmune mediated, related to surgery or malignancies
- In our case the patient had enlarged mesenteric lymph nodes on imaging but follow up MRI had shown this resolved. Further oncology workup was normal.
- Treatment is usually with steroids but can also involve hormonal therapy or colchicine

   as was done in our patient.

