

Impact of COVID-19 on Outpatient EUS and Screening Colonoscopy Utilization in the Medicare Population

Introduction		Results
 There has been a profound impact of COVID-19 in the elderly Over 80% of hospitalizations, 74% of deaths During the height of the pandemic, over 50% of elderly individuals reported delaying or avoiding medical care secondary to concerns related to COVID-19. This led to delays/cancellations in cancer surveillance screenings. AIM: Evaluate the impact of COVID-19 on endoscopic ultrasound (EUS) and screening in the Medicare population. 	EUS per 1,000 Beneficiaries	24 23 22 21
Materials and Methods	1.8	20
 The Centers for Medicare Services Physician/Supplier Procedure Summary (PSPS) Database displays Part B claims organized by CPT code. EUS CPT codes 43237, 43238, 43240, 43242, 43253, 43259 and screening colonoscopies CPT Codes G0105, G0121 were analyzed from the years 2010-2020. Services at the top 4 outpatient places-of-service 	Year Figure 1. Outpatient EUS per 1,000 Medicare Beneficiaries	18
(ambulatory surgery centers, office, and off- and on-campus outpatient hospitals) were extracted and totaled to evaluate outpatient volumes	from 2010-2020 Historical ERA COVID ERA	
 Procedures were normalized by the number of Original Medicare beneficiaries per year to produce the number of procedures per 1,000 Medicare enrollees. The compound annual growth rates (CAGRs) of this normalized value as well as absolute volumes were calculated. CAGRs were calculated for two time periods: 	Procedure CAGR ₁₀₋₁₉ CAGR ₁₉₋₂₀	Absolute reductio from 201 to 2020
 2010-2019 (pre-COVID) and 2019-2020 (COVID). A linear regression model trained on historical procedure volume data from 2010 to 2019 was 	Outpatient EUS 5.6% -14.81%	-16.95%
additionally performed to estimate anticipated yearly procedure volume for both EUS and screening colonoscopy for 2020.	Screening Colonoscopies5.9%-26.47%	-26.47%

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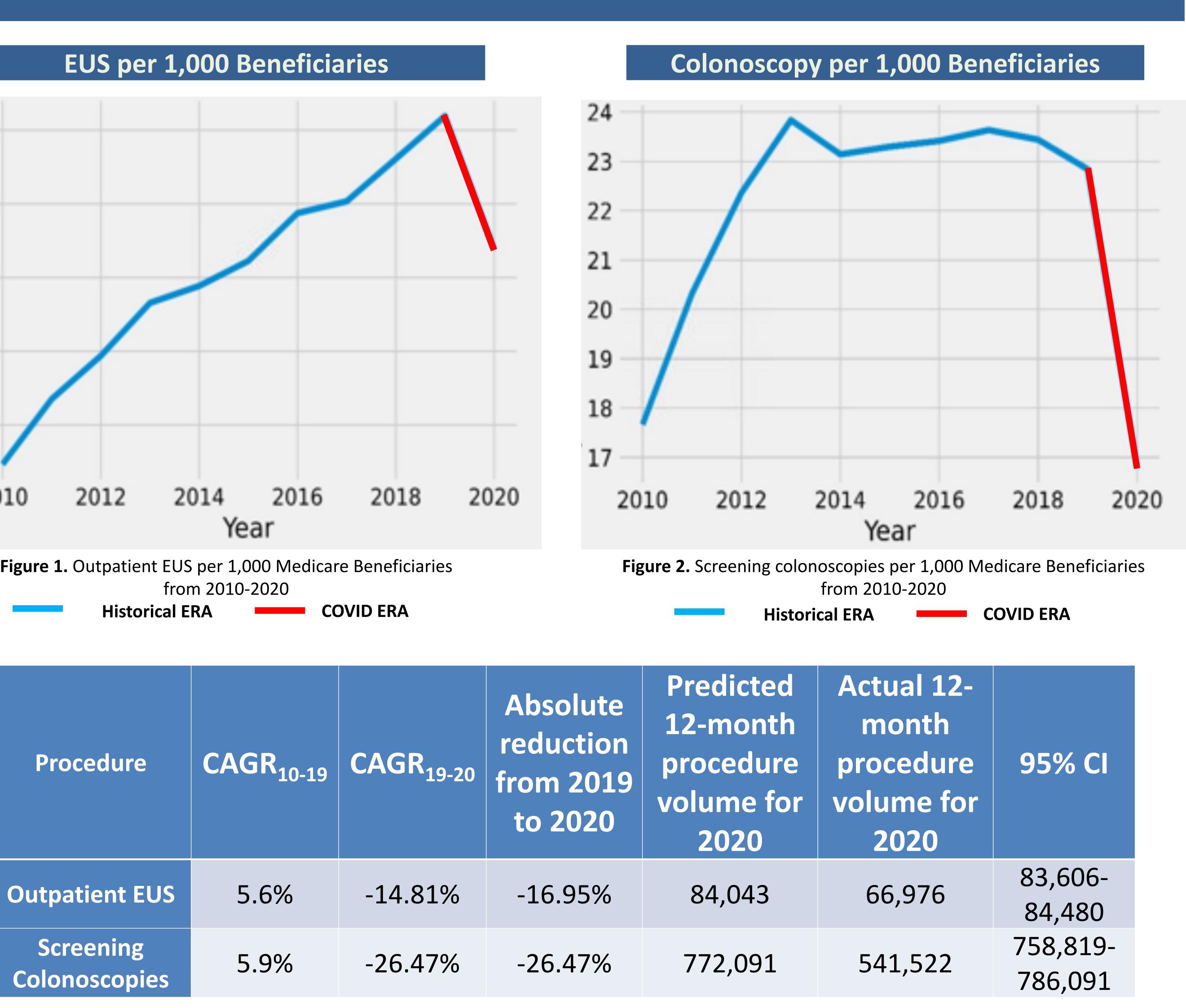


Table 1. CAGRs and linear regression model for outpatient EUS and
 screening colonoscopies



Conclusions and Discussion

- COVID-19 significantly impacted outpatient utilization of EUS and screening colonoscopies.
- This is a significant concern as missed or delayed diagnoses could directly impact the incidence of avoidable gastrointestinal malignancies in the Medicare population within the next 5-10 years.
- Further evaluation in mitigation and catch-up strategies are warranted.
- Future directions include analyzing local endoscopy data and cancer incidence rates with reference to the observed trends in EUS and colonoscopy screenings from this CMS database

References

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