

# Guideline adaptation of fidaxomicin as first-line therapy for Clostridioides difficile infection in institutions across the United States

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#### Introduction

- In 2021, Clostridioides difficile infection (CDI) treatment guidelines were updated to recommend fidaxomicin over vancomycin as first-line therapy in initial and recurrent CDI
- Prior to this, fidaxomicin use was limited as cheaper alternatives were recommended as first line therapy

### **Objectives**

- To assess the guideline adaptation of fidaxomicin as firstline therapy in CDI management in institutions across the United States (US)
- To identify barriers to fidaxomicin use

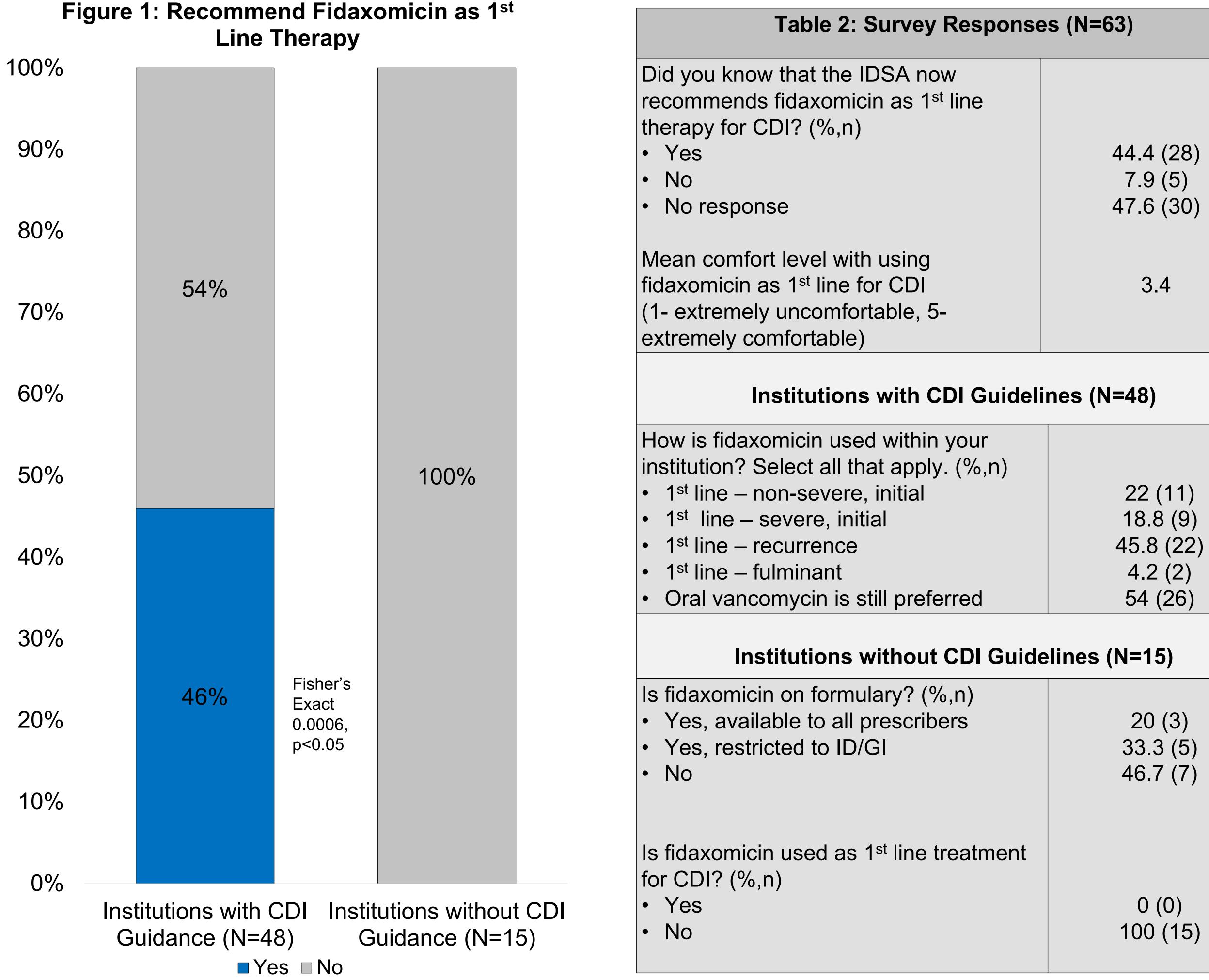
#### Methods

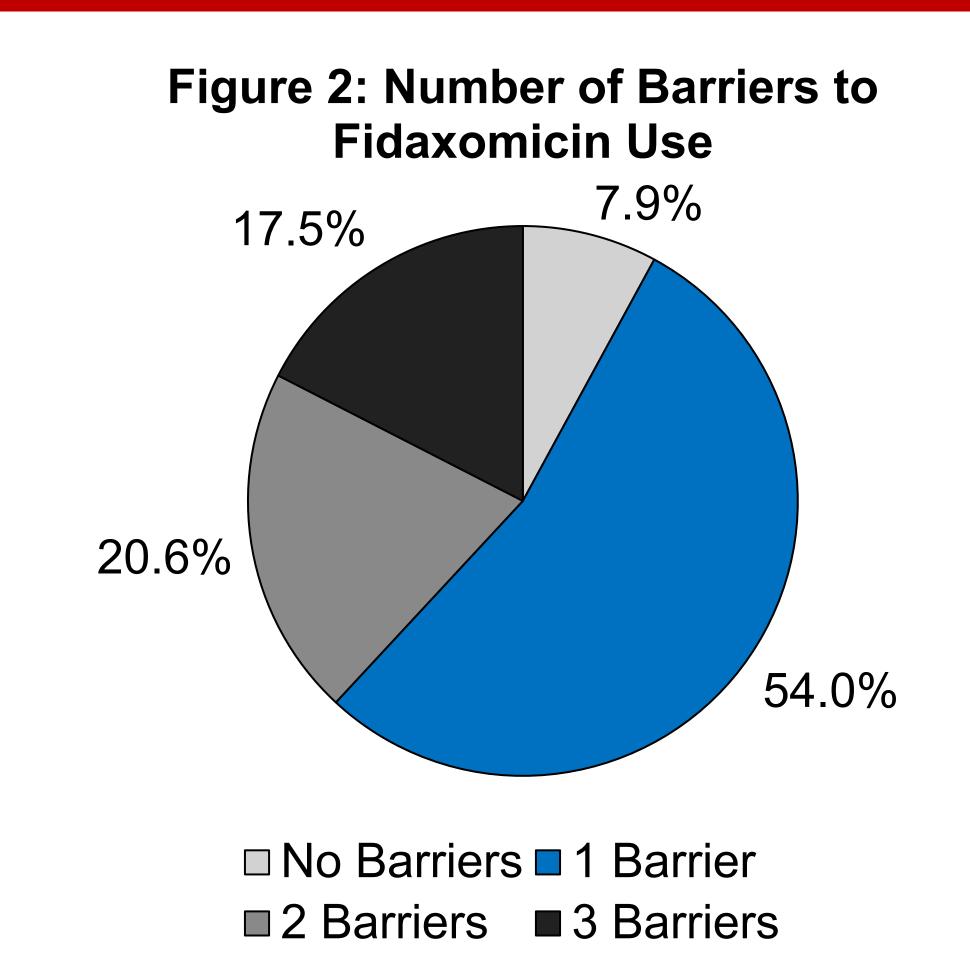
- 13-item electronic survey was created to assess guideline adaptation of fidaxomicin
- Baseline demographics, current practices and barriers to fidaxomicin use were collected
- Distributed to members of the American Society of Health-System Pharmacists in April 2022
- Participation was voluntary and anonymous
- Results analyzed using descriptive statistics
- Fisher's Exact Tests used to compare categorical data
- IRB approval obtained from St. John's University

#### Results

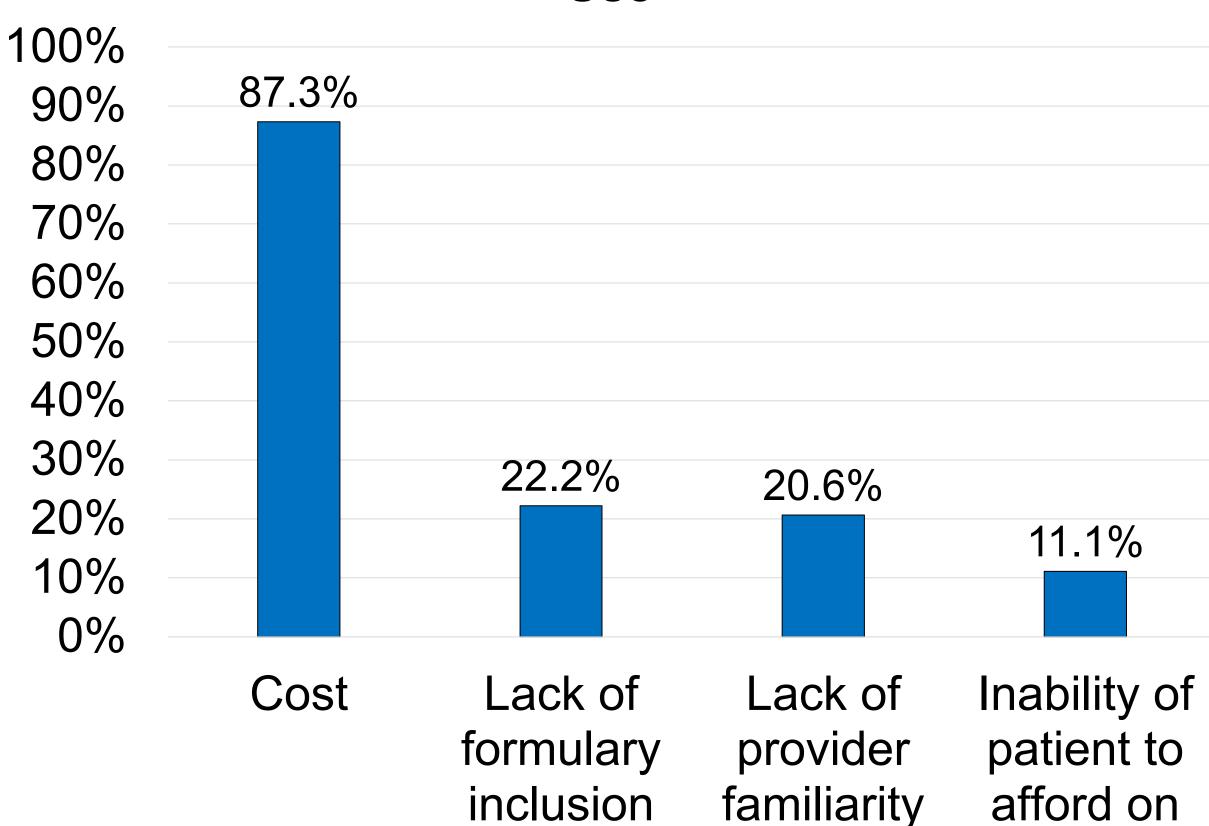
Table 1: Baseline Demographics (N=63)		
Institution	Large Academic Medical Center	28.6
Type (%)	Community Hospital (non-teaching)	42.9
	Community Hospital (teaching)	23.8
	Federal Government Owned	3.2
	Critical Access	1
Region (%)	Northeast	22.2
	Southeast	22.2
	Midwest	33.3
	Southwest	14.3
	West	7.9

## Results









discharge

#### Conclusions

Majority of institutions do not currently recommend use of fidaxomicin as first line therapy for CDI despite the recent guideline updates. Institutions with CDI treatment guidelines were more likely to recommend fidaxomicin as first-line therapy. Cost and lack of formulary availability were identified as the most common barriers to fidaxomicin use.