# Imperial College London

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# Efficacy of Approved And Unapproved Vaccines for SARS-CoV-2 in Randomised, Blinded Clinical Trials Andrea Perez Navarro<sup>1</sup>, Victoria Pilkington<sup>1</sup>, Toby Pepperrell<sup>2</sup>, Andrew Hill<sup>3</sup>

Acknowledgements: Sreenidhi Venhatesh<sup>1</sup> for contributions to immunogenicity data analysis <sup>1</sup> Imperial College London, London, UK; <sup>2</sup> Edinburgh School of Medicine and Veterinary Medicine, UK; <sup>3</sup> University of Liverpool, UK

### Background

- Several million people have died from COVID-19 in low or middleincome countries without access to effective vaccines.
- There are 5 SARS-CoV-2 vaccines approved in US and/or Europe: Pfizer/BioNTech, Moderna, Oxford/AstraZeneca, Janssen and Novavax, with cumulative sales above \$100 billion worldwide, since launch.
- Roll-out of these 5 vaccines by low-and-middle-income countries has been slow due to high prices, legal issues and logistical barriers to vaccine procurement and delivery.
- Several other SARS-CoV-2 vaccines have been evaluated in clinical trials but not yet approved.
- This situation could persist for many years unless lower-cost alternatives to the current 5 COVID-19 vaccines are found.

### **Objectives**

- To compare the efficacy of US or European approved versus unapproved vaccines for endpoints of symptomatic or severe infection
- To compare the differences in elicited immune response between approved and unapproved vaccines

# Methodology

### **SYSTEMATIC REVIEW**

Screening of clinical trial registers, MEDLINE & EMBASE Inclusion of: Phase III RCTs of COVID-19 vaccines in healthy nonpregnant adults prospectively evaluating risks of symptomatic and/or severe COVID-19 with clearly defined endpoints OR immunogenicity trials

### **Q** RISK OF BIAS ASSESSMENT

Cochrane RoB 2.0 tool (high risk studies excluded). Certainty of evidence assessed using GRADE

# **III.** META-ANALYSIS

Use of Cochrane-Mantel-Haenszel Tests (random effects method) comparing relative risks of symptomatic & severe disease for each vaccine versus placebo

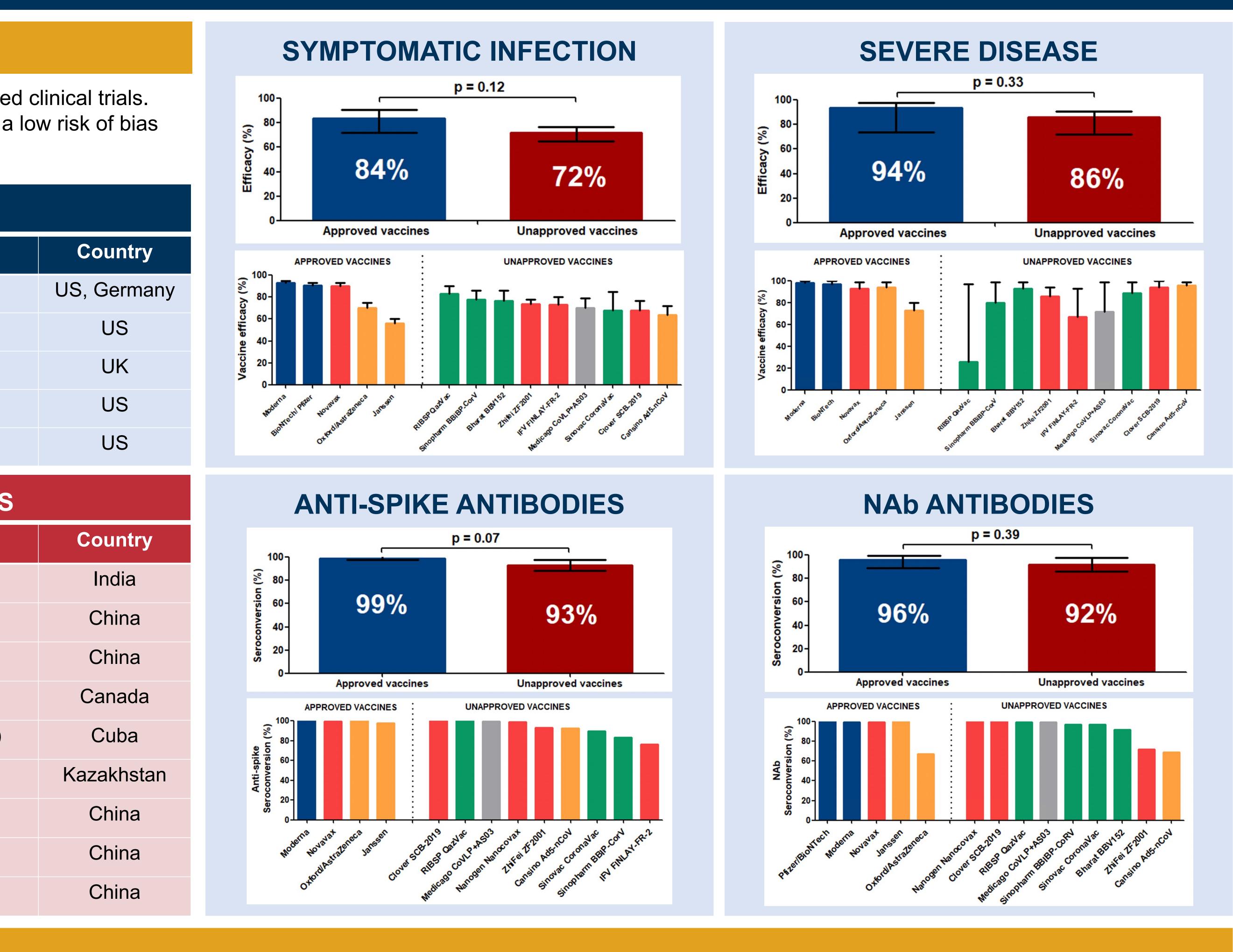
### Results

- The search identified 19 publications of 22 randomised clinical trials.
- Risk of bias assessment showed 2 publications with a low risk of bias and 17 with some concerns.

	<b>5 APPROVED VACCINES</b>
Developer	Vaccine name
Pfizer/BioNTech	Comirnaty (BNT162b2)
Moderna	Spikevax (mRNA-1273)
Oxford/AZ	Vaxzevria (ChAdOx1-S)
Janssen	Jcovden (Ad26.COV2.S)
Novavax	Nuvaxovid (NVX-CoV2373)
9 UNAPPROVED VACCINES	
Developer	Vaccine name
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Bharat Biotech	Covaxin (BBV152)
CanSino Biologics	Covidencia (Ad5-nCoV)
Clover Biopharma	SCB-2019 ( - )
Medicago	Covifenz (CoVLP+AS03)
Instituto Finlay	SOBERANA 02 (FINLAY-FR-2)
RIBSP	QazCovid-in® (QazVac)
Sinovac	CoronaVac ( - )
Sinopharm	Covilo (BIBP-CorV)
Anhui Zhifei Longcom	Zifivax (ZF2001)

### **Discussion & Conclusions**



Approved and unapproved COVID-19 vaccines show comparable protection against both severe and symptomatic infection Both NAb and anti-spike seroconversion responses are not significantly different between approved and unapproved vaccines There were consistent results in sensitivity analyses. The clinical trials were of a high quality in risk of bias assessments. Differences in location and timing of trials, and differences in methodology may have influenced the conclusions drawn. Future head-to-head studies are recommended, comparing approved and unapproved vaccines.

The approval of low-cost, patent-free vaccines could increase access worldwide & lessen the risk of emergence of new variants.

**Funding:** International **Treatment Preparedness** Coalition / Make Medicines Affordable Campaign. McMaster University (Risk of Bias Assessment)

