

COVID-19 associated fungal co-infections in Solid Organ Transplant Recipients: A single center case series



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RESULTS

Predominantly male (17/23, 73.9%), with

Organs transplanted – 20 (86.9%) kidney, 2

Majority had lymphopenia (18/23, 78.3%),

612 SOTRs diagnosed with COVID-19

median age 59 years (range, 43-79)

elevated inflammatory markers

22 (95.6%) needed ICU admission

• 23 (3.8%) diagnosed with CFIs

heart, 1 double lung

INTRODUCTION

- Increase in fungal co-infections reported in Coronavirus disease of 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic
- COVID-19-associated fungal infections (CFIs) identified – COVID-19 associated pulmonary aspergillosis (CAPA), COVID-19 associated mucormycosis (CAM), COVID-19 associated candidiasis (CAC)
- Incidence and occurrence in solid organ transplant recipients (SOTRs) is limited

METHODS

- Single-center retrospective study
- Duration: March 2020 January 2022
- Cohort: SOTRs (≥18 years) diagnosed with COVID-19 and subsequent CFI
- Excluded patients with *Candida spp* infections
- Data collected included demographics, comorbidities, COVID-19 therapeutics, CFI diagnostics and management

P T	Age / Sex	SOT type	COVID-19 R _x	ICU	ЕСМО	CRRT	CFI Cat. #	CFI Site	CFI Spp	GM	Outcome	A
1	50/F	BLT	RDV + CST + TOC + BAR	74	N	N	Prov - CAM	RP	Rhizomucor	R	On Rx	N
2	59/M	DDKT	RDV + CST	29	Y	Y	Prob - CAPA	PUL	IPA	R	Death	2
3	66/M	DDKT	RDV + CST + BAR	6	Ν	N	Prov - CAPA	RC	Aspergillus niger; Aspergillus tamarii	NE	On Rx	3
4	49/M	DDKT	CST	38	N	Y	Prov - CAPA	SP	Aspergillus fumigatus; Aspergillus flavus/oryzae	R	Death	5
5	64/M	OHT	RDV + CST + TPE	48	Y	Y	Prov - CAPA	PUL	Aspergillus fumigatus	S	Death	4
6	66/M	DDKT	RDV + CST + TPE	85	N	Y	Prov	CLA	Candida auris	S	Death	8
7	44/M	LUKT	RDV + CST + TPE	59	N	Y	Prob - CAPA	PUL	IPA	R	On Rx	6
8	59/M	DDKT	RDV + CP + CST + TPE	138	Y	Y	Prob - CAPA	PUL	IPA	R	On Rx	1
9	62/M	DDKT	RDV + CP + CST + TPE	57	N	Y	Prob - CAPA	PUL	IPA	R	Death	6
10	69/F	DDKT	RDV + CP + CST + TPE	46	N	Y	Prov - CAPA	PUL	Aspergillus fumigatus	R	Death	7
11	59/M	OHT	RDV + CP + CST	24	N	Y	Prov - CAPA	PUL	Aspergillus fumigatus	R, S	Death	2
12	43/M	LRKT	RDV + CST + TPE	18	Y	Y	Prob - CAPA	PUL	IPA	R	Death	1
13	75/M	DDKT	RDV + CST + TPE	58	N	Y	Prob - CAPA	PUL	IPA	R	Death	6
14	59/F	DDKT	RDV + CST + TPE	7	N	Y	Prob - CAPA	PUL	IPA	S	Death	1
15	59/M	DDKT	RDV + CST + BAR + TPE	24	N	Y	Prob - CAPA	PUL	IPA	R	Death	12
16	54/M	DDKT	MAB	0	N	N	Prob - CAPA	PUL	IPA	S	On Rx	
17	56/M	DDKT	RDV + CST + TPE	27	N	Y	Prob - CAPA	PUL	IPA	R	Death	3
18	78/M	DDKT	RDV + CST + CP	14	N	Y	Prob - CAPA	PUL	IPA	R	Death	3
19	49/F	DDKT	RDV + CST + TOC + CP + TPE	8	N	N	Prob - CAPA	PUL	IPA	R	On Rx	1
20	63/F	DDKT	RDV + CP + CST + TPE	200	N	Y	Prob - CAPA	PUL	IPA	R	Death	7
21	47/M	DDKT	RDV + CST + TPE	200	Y	Y	Prov - CAPA	PUL	Aspergillus fumigatus	R	Death	2
22	66/M	DDKT	RDV + CP + CST + TPE	46	Y	Y	Prob - CAPA	PUL	IPA	R	Death	5
23	52/F	DDKT	RDV + CST + TPE	138	Y	Y	Prob - CAPA	PUI.	IPA	R	Death	1

Exchance: # Fungal infections were categorized based on European Organization for Research and Treatment of Cancer Fungal Infections Cooperative Group and the National Institute of Allergy and Infections Diseases Mycoses Study Group (EORTCMSG) definitions.

RESULTS

- CFIs diagnosed at median 21 days (range, 3-161) after initial COVID-19 diagnosis
- Only 1 patient was on antifungal prophylaxis
- Probable CAPA diagnosed in 69.6% patients (16/23), with CAM noted in 1 patient
- 34.8% (8/23) had specific species identified
- Elevated fungal markers in 95.6% (22/23)
- Median hospitalization duration → 56 days (range, 7-204)
- Mortality was high → 73.9% (17/23)

CONCLUSION

- Fungal co-infections in SOTRs are associated with poor outcomes.
- Transplant physicians should have a high clinical suspicion for CFI
- Further studies needed to determine CFI predictors and role for prophylaxis

Reference

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