VREL

Operations and Maintenance Considerations for PV+Storage



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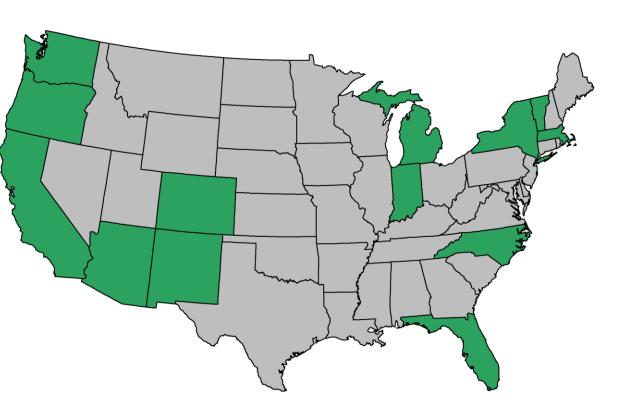


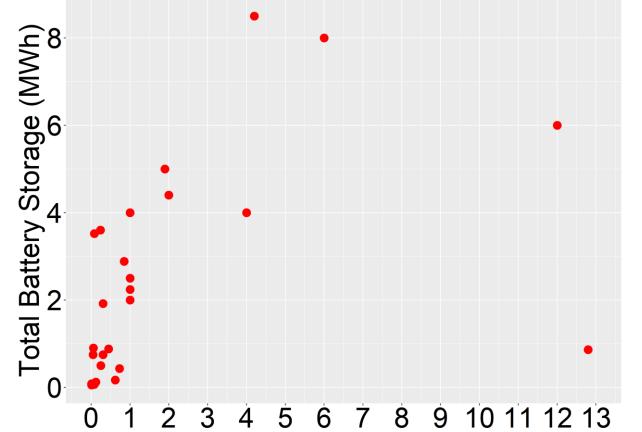
Motivation

- Photovoltaic (PV) technology is a rapidly developing technology in response to supply-demand balancing needs.
- Although there is some understanding • of costs associated with PV O&M, costs associated with emerging technologies such as PV plus storage lack details about the specific systems and/or
- Insights from 81 sites (14 partners) with colocated PV+Storage captured Geographic distribution spans 13 states
- Total PV system size: 51.1 MW
- Total Battery Storage size: 64.1 MWh
- Site age: Mean = 5.2 years, Range = 0-11 years
- Storage technologies: Li-ion (77%), Lead Acid (23%)



PV+Storage: Yes No Data





activities that contribute to the cost values.

Study Objectives

Study Focus: Establish a baseline understanding of utility-scale photovoltaic (UPVS) operations and maintenance (O&M) cost drivers

- This study aims to:
- Identify specific factors and drivers contributing to utility-scale PV plus storage (UPVS) systems O&M costs,
- Understand how particular storage technologies were selected
- Learn how O&M data is being collected and used by owners and operations
- Catalog ongoing challenges and needs in this space from field.

Methods

- Metering location: Back (69%), Front (19%)
- Percentage of storage technology's energy source coming from PV at the site: Mean = 51.6%

Selection and Purpose of Energy

Storage

 Table 1. Mean reported values for storage system

Resiliency

Peak Demand Shaving

Storage Technology

Li-ion

487-594

 13.6 ± 1.3

 1.4 ± 0.2

Lead Acid

500-667

 15.4 ± 3.6

 1.57 ± 0.4

Storage is most often cycled daily

parameters by storage technology

Parameter

Capital cost (\$ per kWh)

Expected Lifetime (years)

Degradation rate (%/year)

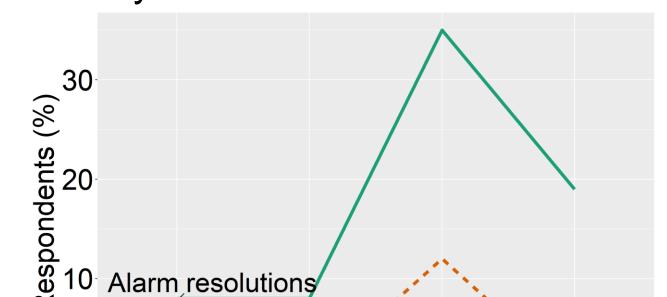
Figure 2. Geographic distribution of states with PV+Storage sites in this study.

Study Findings

Plant Size (MW) Figure 3. Nameplate PV plant size versus total battery storage.

O&M Activities

- Storage system's maintenance is primarily performed by system vendor or in-house
- 61% respondents have observed no change in O&M costs over time
- 50% respondents have a warranty period of at least 5 years
- 35.8% of sites have already filed a warranty



 Summary of Storage-Related Entries in PVROM

- 14 sites (out of ~800) contain storage-related O&M tickets
- Typical storage capacity: $< 1 \text{ MW}_{DC}$
- 152 tickets were labeled under "Energy Storage/Battery" or "Battery" (Solar + storage facilities)"
- Common PVROM O&M ticket themes
 - Underperformance (64%)
 - Production outages (19%)
 - Communications-related outages (16%)
- Table 2. Median operations and

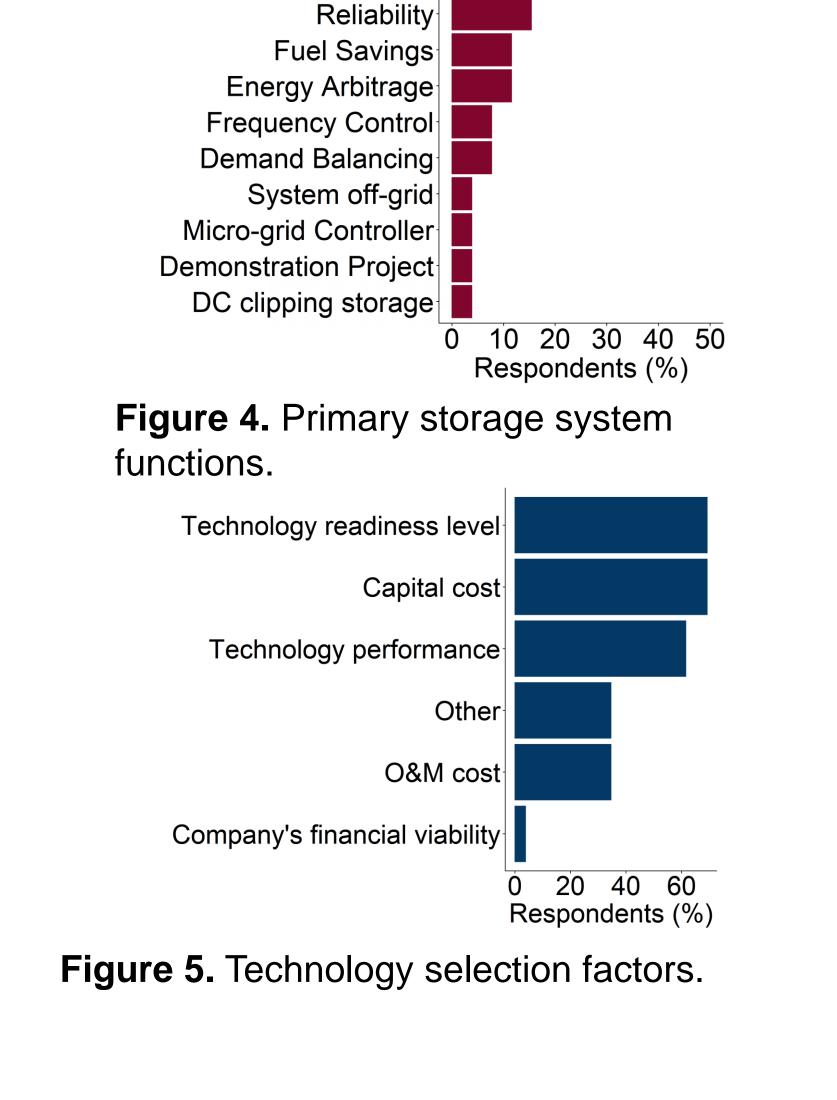
- Obtain insights from industry experts
 - Online questionnaire
 - Semi-structured interviews
 - Snowball sampling
 - Word of mouth
 - Advertising in industry publications

Questionnaire

- **Contact Information**
- Site Details 2.
- Selection and Purpose of 3. Energy Storage
- **O&M** Activities 4.
- Data collection & Analysis 5
- Challenges and Needs 6.

Data Processing

- Multiple selection cleaning
- Qualitative coding
- **O&M** Log Reviews





Weekly Monthly 3-6 months 6+ months

Figure 6. Frequency of corrective O&M. Alarm resolutions and parts replacement most often occur ~3-6 months.

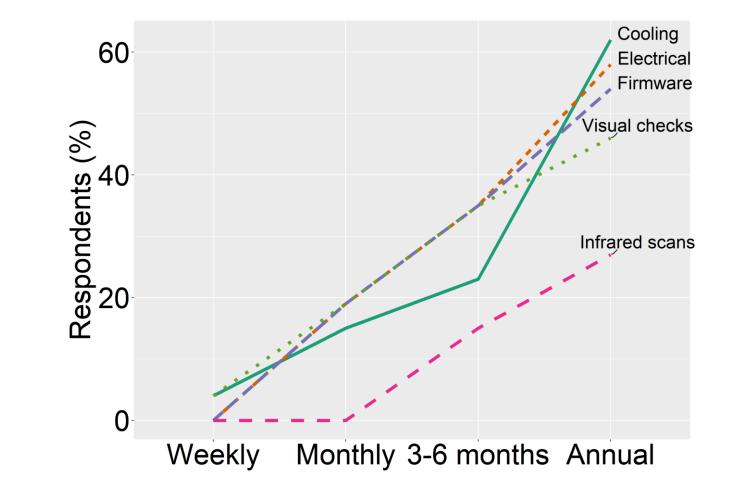


Figure 7. Frequency of preventative O&M. All activities most often occur annually.

maintenance ticket duration by completion activity from PVROM.

Completion Activity	Ticket Duration (minutes)
Refit (Reset)	114,240
Remote Troubleshooting	567
Replace/Repair	3,487
Self-Resolved	1,200

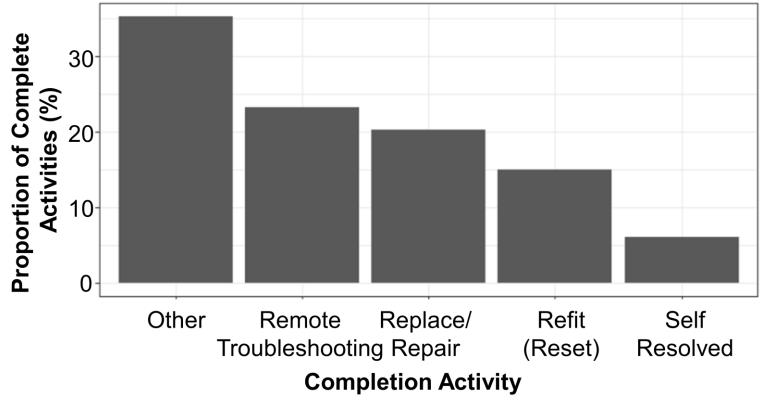


Figure 8. Distribution of completion activities by type based on PVROM O&M tickets.

Ongoing and Future Work

• Collect more data to update the database

• New processes needed to set up

Data management and handling

Challenges and Needs

Data Analysis Statistical analysis Visualizations

Figure 1. Overview of questionnaire, data processing, and data analysis used in this study.

PV+storage contracts

• Missing PV+storage performance metrics

 Prior experience of individual technologies but no experience combining technologies

 Long-term vendor availability and reliability

• Expected versus actual storage lifetimes, field performance

• Storage technology obsolesce

 Locally available technicians and parts for servicing O&M needs

 Changing standards and codes affect equipment availability

• Participating site performance data Operations and maintenance logs Expand PV cost model to include battery storage and more public information Industry suggested opportunities • Validation of name plate battery life Predictive maintenance and alarm tools • Refinement of analysis tools and metrics

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